# **Chi-Squared Contingency Table**

Author: Greta Peterson, Golden Helix, Inc.

## Overview

This script computes the Pearson's Chi-Squared Statistic for a contingency table with m groups and n observations (m rows and n columns). The p-values,  $-\log_{10}$  p-values, Bonferroni p-values,  $-\log_{10}$  Bonferroni p-values, and FDR values are also computed.

## **Recommended Directory Location**

Save the script to the following directory:

## \*..\Application Data\Golden Helix SVS\UserScripts\Spreadsheet\Numeric

**Note:** The **Application Data** folder is a hidden folder on Windows operating systems and its location varies between operating systems. The easiest way to locate this directory on your computer is to open SVS and go to **Tools > Open UserScripts Folder** and save the script in the **\Spreadsheet\Numeric** folder. If saved to the proper folder, this script will be accessible from the spreadsheet **Numeric** menu.

## Format of the Spreadsheet

This script assumes that the cell counts for the m-by-n contingency tables are contained in one row with columns specified for each group and outcome combination. A spreadsheet with r rows will compute the chi-squared statistic for r contingency tables.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> ele	ect Quality Assurance	ce <u>A</u> nalysis <u>P</u> lot	<u>Scripts</u> <u>H</u> elp	
0		🖄 🛅 🔛 🖄	🔟 💙 📕 🔤	भ 🗷 🚏 🗙 🛛	26
Unsort		1 1	2	3	1
Map	Marker	Case - Allele A	Case - Allele B	Control - Allele A	Co
1	SNP1	3	32	37	
2	SNP2	30	25	38	
3	SNP3	40	16	8	
4	SNP4	22	6	2	
5	SNP5	23	38	32	

Figure 1: Example of spreadsheet containing contingency table data

Only integer columns can be selected for input columns for the script.

## Using the Script

1. Open the spreadsheet with the columns containing the cell counts for the contingency table, like Figure 1.

- 2. Go to Numeric > Chi-Squared Contingency Table.
- 3. Select the number of groups and outcomes, in this case, there are two groups (Case and Control) and two outcomes (Allele A and Allele B). See Figure 2.

	1.000
Select size of continger	ncy table:
Number of Groups:	2
Number of Outcomes:	2

Figure 2: Specify the dimensions of the contingency table

4. Next, from the drop down menus listing all integer columns in the spreadsheet, select the appropriate columns for each group and outcome combination. See Figure 3

6	SVS
	Choose group and outcome columns:
	Group 1:
	Outcome 1: Column 1: Case - Allele A
	Outcome 2: Column 2: Case - Allele B
	Group 2:
	Outcome 1: Column 3: Control - Allele
	Outcome 2: Column 4: Control - Allele I

Figure 3: Specification of the count columns

5. The output will contain values for X<sup>2</sup> Stat, df (degrees of freedom), X<sup>2</sup> P-value, –log10 P (-log<sub>10</sub>(X<sup>2</sup> P-value)), Bonf. P (p-value \* number of tests), –log10 Bonf. P (-log<sub>10</sub>(Bonf. P)), and FDR. For other table sizes there will only be values for X<sup>2</sup> Stat and df. See Figure 4.

<u>F</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit <u>S</u> el	ect Quality Assurance	<u>Analysis</u> <u>P</u> lot	<u>S</u> cripts <u>H</u> elp			
0		🛃 🛅 🖄 🔛 🔟	👐 📕 🗛	R 🗷 🚏 🗙 🖻	2 🚹 🌌		
Unsort		<b>R</b> 1	2	<b>R</b> 3	R 4	<b>R</b> 5	<b>R</b> 6
Map	Marker	X^2 Stat	DF	X^2 P-value	-log10 P	Bonf. P	-log10 Bor
1	SNP1	20.9913460348029	1	4.61362625886768e-006	5.33595758976413	2.30681312943384e-005	4.636987
2	SNP2	11.5061669829222	1	0.000693656670505577	3.15885543300234	0.00346828335252788	2.459885
3	SNP3	27.1732460426031	1	1.86015044749816e-007	6.73045192896707	9.30075223749082e-007	6.031481
4	SNP4	35.0134615384615	1	3.2743381478133e-009	8.48487647209999	1.63716907390665e-008	7.785906
5	SNP5	24.1579479415545	1	8.87491372071237e-007	6.05183586033491	4.43745686035618e-006	5.35286

Figure 4: Results from the X^2 Contingency Table calculations